



GROWING A NEW GENERATION OF ILLINOIS FRUIT AND VEGETABLE FARMERS

MARKET FARM TOOLS AND SYSTEMS

Zachary Grant Bill Shoemaker Adapted from John Hendrickson

April 2015



Objectives:

- Capitalizing a Market Farm
- Capitalization Priorities
- The Front End of the Market Farm
- The Middle of the Market Farm
- The Back End of the Market Farm
- Concluding Thoughts and Questions





Estimated Equipment Needs for Various Sizes of Vegetable Farms.

	Seed Starting	Power Source and Tillage	Direct Seeding	Production Equipment	Cultivation	Harvesting	Postharvest Handling	Delivery
1-3 acres	small hoop house, grow lights, planting trays	rototiller or walking tractor, custom work	Earth- way seeder, Cyclone seeder	Back-pack sprayer, irrigation, tools	Wheel hoe, hand hoes, digging forks, spades	Field knives, hand boxes, buckets, carts	Bulk tank, canopy, packing containers	Pickup with topper or van
4-6 acres	1000 sq. ft. greenhouse, cold frames, field tunnels, planting trays	35-40 hp tractor, with creeper gear, power steering, high clearance	Planet Jr. plate seeder	1-row transplant er, irrigation, more tools	Cultivat- ing tractor (IH Super A or IH 140)	Potato digger, bed lifter, wagon, more boxes, buckets	Roller track conveyor, hand carts, walk-in cooler	Cargo van



Market Gardening: A Start-up Guide

https://attra.ncat.org/attra-pub/summaries/summary.php?pub=18



Estimated Equipment Needs for Various Sizes of Vegetable Farms.

	Seed Starting	Power Source and Tillage	Direct Seeding	Production Equipment	Cultivation	Harvesting	Postharvest Handling	Delivery
7-10 acres	Additional cold frames, planting trays	40-60 hp tractor, chisel plow, spader	Stanhay preceision belt seeder with belts	2-row transplanter, sprayer,	Tool bar implements: beet knives, basket weeder	More field crates	Barrel washer, spinner, pallet jack	1 ton truck with refrigerat ion
20 + acres	2,000 sq. ft. greenhouse	80 hp tractor with loader bucket and forks, compost spreader	Nibex or Monosem seeder	Irrigation, bed shaper, mulch layer	Sweeps (Besserides), Buddingh finger weeders, flame weeder, potato hiller, 2nd cultivating tractor	Asa lift, harvest wagon	Wash line, larger cooler, packing shed and loading dock	Refrigera ted truck



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Start-up Capitalization Costs

- It is possible to get started with not much more than "a shovel, a rake, and a hoe"
- Ultimately, a wide range of tools and facilities are needed to grow and market effectively, profitably, and sustainably
- \$10,000 per acre









Where do I get my \$10,000???

- Don't quit your day/winter job
- Don't let your partner/spouse quit their job
- Acquire a rich, beneficent aunt or uncle
- Spread the \$10,000 over 3-5 years
- Scrounge, network, and get lucky
- High value cash crops
- Loans (USDA Microloans up to \$35K)
- Crowdsourcing (Kickstarter)







Goals, Priorities, and Decisions

- Set goals for yourself and your business and use them to guide priorities and decisions
- Visit other farms and talk to other growers
- Consider carefully the purchase of all equipment, tools, and implements:
 - Does it fit my scale? Does it fit the scale I want to reach?
 - What does it cost? What does it cost to operate? What is its resale value?
 - Is it durable? Can I repair it myself?
 - Is it easy to use? Is it enjoyable to use? Can others use it?
 - Is it sustainable?
 - Do I need it, or want it?
 - Does it fit within the context of my over-all farm plan?
- Emphasize the "back end" of your farm





The "Back End" of the Market Farm

- Harvest Aides
- Post Harvest Handling
- Storage
- Delivery
- Marketing/Sales









Harvest Cart

Original design by Dan Guenthner, Common Harvest Farm ~\$200 - \$400?

Free plans available at: marketfarmtoolbox.com

A version is also being sold for \$350 by: avalonfarmshomegrown

All aluminum construction

Can haul lots of produce, transplants, hay bales, trellis posts, etc.

Rolls easily





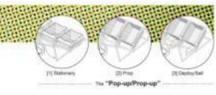




Folding FARM II
A Farm-to-Market Portable Produce Pavilion

Foliary Turn II (FTII) is a "green" produce transport vehicle and a deployable farm stated. It represents the molitation of Foliary Farm II (PTI): meter advant, a selling institute presented in 2012 on a beyondometric delivery system and marked display for locally green and sold produce. The heavy system and marked displays for locally green and sold produce of the length and cost of the first protocy.

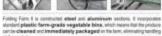
Folding Farm II is a farm utility which that delivers and displays gooduce for local marketphons. Their added varies a supervisit in addition at California and Sallon, it becames a deese settled design like in the sense or entires for the enversemental standards or of the load community. If selected is settled to the contraction of the load community and call as a resemble "bibliogeness" for that if market goods.













Structural Body





Folding Farm







Harvest Bins at SSF







Greens Harvester

\$190 - \$210 Johnny's

www.johnnyseeds.com

877-564-6697

Available in 30" 42" and 48" widths

Must have smooth, clean, level beds

Works best with very solid stands of greens









Quick Cut Greens Harvester

One person can cut over 175 lb. per hour. Powered by a cordless drill, the harvester's 15" fixed and moving serrated blades make a smooth, clean cut. A rolling macramé brush pulls leaves into the blades and then throws them to the back of the basket.



\$495 Johnny's

www.johnnyseeds.com

877-564-6697

Must have smooth, clean, level beds







Washing and Packing Sheds







Washing and Packing Shed Basics

- A roof
- Ideally, enclosed or enclosable
- Access to clean water (ideally plumbed not via garden hoses)
- Provision for water drainage and waste removal
- Appropriate food contact surfaces
- Access to electricity (lights, equipment, etc.)
- Hand washing sink
- Storage for post-harvest tools and supplies
- Easy access to crop storage facilities
- NOT near cull/compost piles or animal facilities





Basic Washing and Packing Area



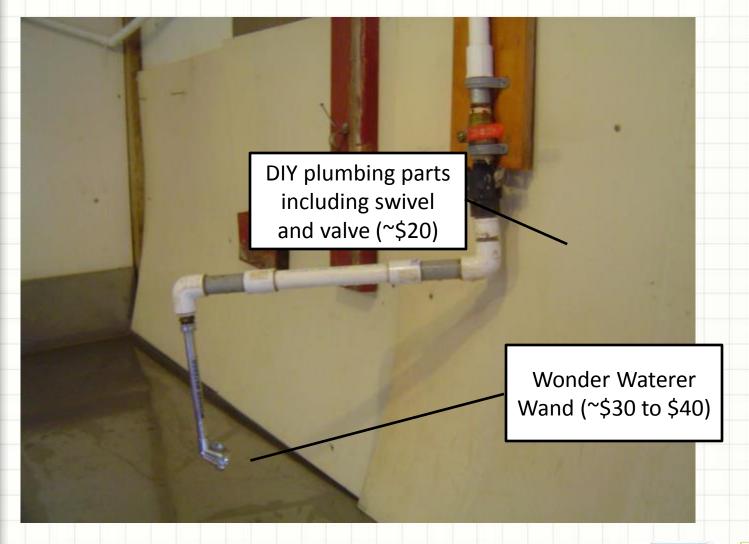
Wash Shed Example



Plans for this wash area set up are available at: www.leopold.iastate.edu/cool tools/wash stations

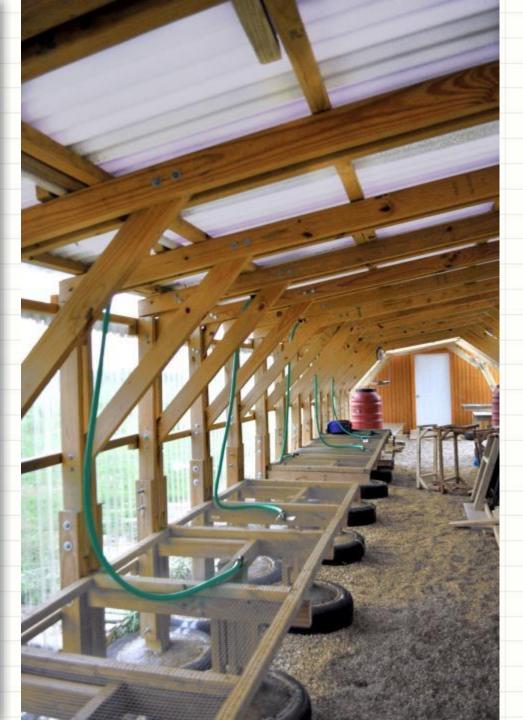


Hands Free Washer





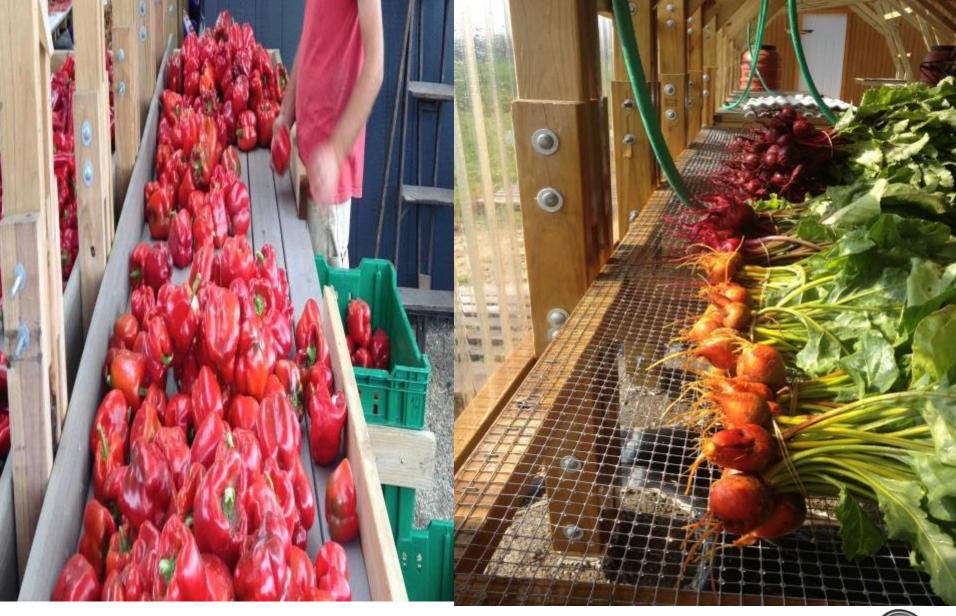




SSF Wash/Pack









Wash Shed Example





In this farm's early years, the growers decided the easiest and quickest structure to build was a hoophouse that was then covered with shade cloth to serve as a washing and packing facility. They have since upgraded to a totally enclosed GAP-certified facility.

Walk-in Coolers

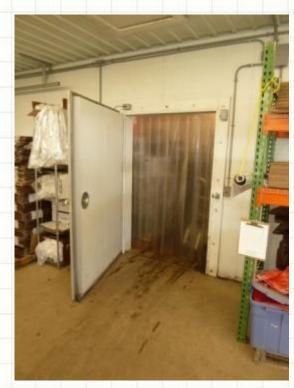
Anyone in the business of growing, marketing and delivering **fresh** produce needs to be able to cool produce and keep it cool prior to it being sold and delivered.

"Local" or "picked the same day" is not enough!

As soon as produce is picked it starts to deteriorate and that process needs to be slowed by hydrating (hydrocooling) and/or cooling the produce to an appropriate holding temperature.

Temperature greatly impacts the quality and shelf-life of fruits and vegetables. Further, cold temperatures limit the development of microbial contamination.

GHP guidelines require monitoring and recording cooler temperatures on a regular basis.







CoolBot

CoolBot enables you to use an offthe-shelf window air conditioner to cool a **well-insulated** room down to 33-40 degrees.



\$300

www.storeitcold.com

- Cheaper up-front cost compared to standard walk-in cooler.
- Not optimal for farms needing to cool down significant volumes of produce
- Not ideal in terms of humidity
- Excellent option for the small grower or as a secondary, 40-55 degree cooler



Grower Tip: CoolBot Case Study

A small-scale grower in Wisconsin converted an old milk room on her farm to a walk-in "coolbot cooler."

She reports spending a total of \$1,700 on this 11' x 12' x 6.5' room including electrical updates, lighting, building materials, air conditioner and Coolbot unit.

She attached four inches of extruded foam panels to the concrete brick walls using long plastic cap nails and then covering it with vinyl coated milk board (MDF). A used 24,000BTU window air conditioner (\$200) powered through the Coolbot achieves temperatures around 36 degrees.

To get colder than 36°, she would have to have a better insulated floor but chose to stick with the pre-existing concrete floor with a built-in drain. She reports that it costs her \$700 to operate the cooler per year—much less than when she used a smaller, conventional walk-in cooler.

Wash Line (Brush Washer)

\$2,850 - \$4,360 Market Farm Implement

Friedens, Pa

www.marketfarm.com

814-443-1931













Brush Washer Pricing

	16 inch	24 inch	32 inch	40 inch
Washer	\$1090	\$1295	\$1575	\$2050
In-feed Belt	\$435	\$470	\$520	\$610
Absorber	\$645	\$725	\$830	\$1025
Round Table	\$675	\$675	\$675	\$675
Full line	\$2845	\$3165	\$3600	\$4360





Washing and Packing Equipment

Barrel washers are a fairly common piece of equipment on farms above 5 to 10 acres. They feature a rolling drum and spray nozzles. Used for root crops.

Cost: \$2,500 to \$3,000









The "Front End" of the Market Farm

- Plant Propagation
- Power/Traction/Horsepower
- Primary tillage tools
- Seeding











Walk-Behind Tractors

Walk-behind tractors (also called walking, 2-wheel rear tine tillers, or hand tractors) are used worldwide for small-scale farming.



Like any tool there is a range in price and quality available—from high-quality machines to cheaper units that are designed for more casual, home use. In general, the best quality machines are imported models (many from Europe) that are built to much higher standards of quality and durability expected of agricultural equipment.

Like a 4-wheel farm tractor, these rugged two-wheel machines are designed to run many attachments with a single power source and give thousands of hours of service.

EARTH TOOLS, Inc. 1525 Kays Branch Road Owenton, KY 40359 (502) 484-3988 tel.







Walk-Behind Tractors

Walk-behind tractors can be very useful and effecting on a small market farm. Many farms start with a walk-behind tractor before "graduating" to a larger scale and their first (4-wheeled) tractor.

Walk-behind tractors do have limitations however:

- Although many attachments are available, some types of tools are simply not as
 effective as their tractor-mounted counterparts given limitations of weight, working
 depth, and horsepower/traction.
- In general, a tractor give you more options in terms of tillage equipment and allows you to be a better manager of the soil tilth and health.
- Walk-behind tractors do have an effective upper limit in terms of the acres they can be used on effectively...especially as a grower gets older and more limited in terms of strength, endurance, and durability.
- The best walk-behind tractors and their implements are not cheap.
- As a result, some growers end up regretting the money they invest in a walk-behind tractor system as they get older, expand, or run up against farm scale limitations.

Four Wheel Tractors

Most growers, will at some point find themselves with a tractor. There is not time or space in this presentation to delve too far into this realm but here are a few basic guidelines and some general advice.

- New vs. used
 - Price
 - Consider your own mechanical knowledge/ability/time
 - Availability of parts and service
- Features to look for:
 - •Wide front, high clearance
 - •30 to 60hp (or more)
 - •3-point hitch (consider category)
 - PTO and live hydraulics
 - Power steering
 - Safety features (ROPS)
 - Creeper gear or hydrostatic drive
- Implements:
 - Rotovator, field cultivator, mower, chisel plow
 - •Front end loader, disk, plastic mulch layer, transplanter, sprayer
 - Harvesters, bed makers





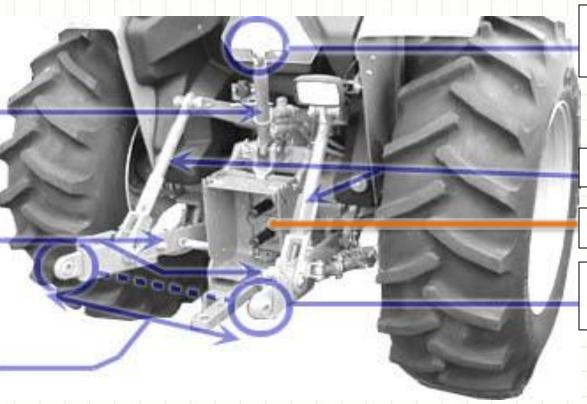


Understanding Essential Tractor Features

Upper 3-Point Link Arm

> Lower 3-Point Link Arms

Lower Point Span



Upper 3-Point Hitch Point

3-Point Lift Arms

PTO Shaft

Lower 3-Point Hitch Points





Commonly Used Primary Tillage Tools

Moldboard plow





Rototillers
 Rotovators
 (Spaders on next slide)





Chisel plow







Spaders

Spaders come in two types: rotary and articulated. The "true" spading machine articulates and works like a hand spade shovel. The spade goes straight down into the ground and tips back on the up stroke, throwing the soil against the rear door to break it apart. A Rotary "Spader" works like a rototiller with a spade sweep moving in a circular motion. Rotary spaders can produce a finished seed bed (even in clay soil) and turn under all green matter in one pass with the optional rear power harrow BUT may cause soil compaction and smearing of the soil at the bottom of their depth of travel. Articulated spaders do not compact or smear the soil.





Field Cultivator

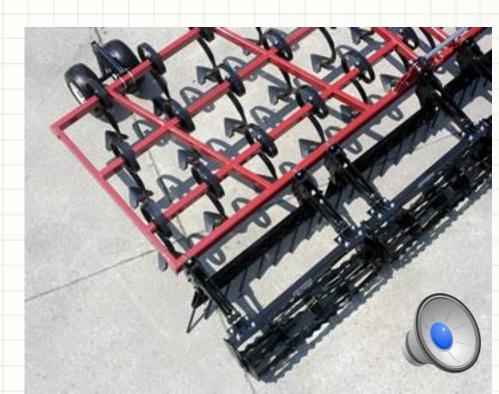
A field cultivator is a virtually essential tool on a market farm. Old ones can be adequate but newer models have additional features that make them more effective.

Shown here is the "Perfecta II" made by Unverferth in Ohio. It features three rows of S-tine sweeps, a leveling bar, and a rolling harrow at the rear.

Cost New: ~\$3,000-\$4,000

An old, used field cultivator can be found very cheaply at auctions.





Tillage Tool Basics

- Tillage tools that push soil horizontally (such as moldboard plows and disks) are useful for incorporating crop debris and cover crops but tend to create a plow pan
- Tillage tools that work the soil vertically are more gentle on soil structure but many do not incorporate residues as effectively
- Working the soil repeatedly with the same tool tends to create a plow pan and may also repeatedly create conditions that favor certain weeds or ideal conditions for certain pests
- It is best to have a number of implements in your tillage "toolbox"

Earthway

Almost all market farms have one or at least started with one.

Many have love – hate Relationship with it.

\$90 - \$110 Local or mail order







Clean Seeders

Jang Automation (Korea)
Available through:
Mechanical Transplanter
mechanicaltransplanter.com
800-757-5268

Also available from: Johnny's

"Accurately singulates very small seeds and larger seeds with quick change seed rolls"









Four Row Pinpoint Seeder

\$250 Johnny's

www.johnnyseeds.com

877-564-6697









Six Row Pinpoint Seeder

Excellent for salad green production \$595 Johnny's

www.johnnyseeds.com

877-564-6697







Hatfield Transplanter

\$115
Johnny's
www.johnnyseeds.com
877-564-6697

Requires 2 people for efficient operation. Different models accommodate different sized transplants from a narrow model for alliums to a large model ideal for tomatoes and peppers. Can also be used for

planting seed potatoes or for seeding things like corn squash and pumpkins. Can operate in bare soil or through plastic mulch.



Transplanters

Water Wheel \$1900 base price Market Farm Implement Friedens, Pa www.marketfarm.com 814-443-1931

A popular, "not too expensive" transplanter suitable to a variety of farms. Works best with plastic mulch but also works on bare soil (the drier and lighter the better). Tractor must have creeper gear. Can be set up for 1, 2 or 3 rows within a bed. It is somewhat cumbersome to change and adjust planting wheels.

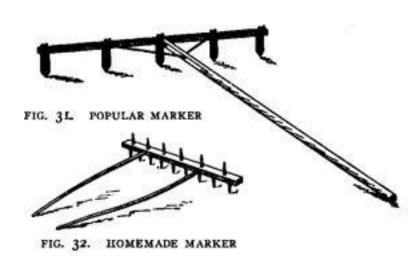


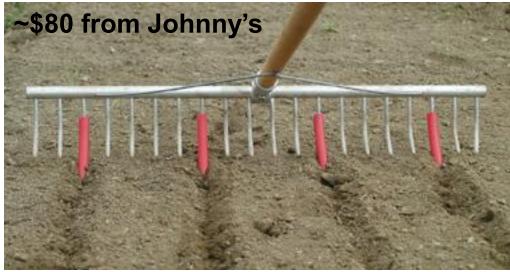


Rolling dibble



Other Row-marking Devices









The "Middle" of the Market Farm

- Irrigation
- Weed Management
- Insect and Disease
 Management
- Fertility and Cover Crop Management











Drip Irrigation System

Basic Components

- Water source (well, pond)
- Back flow preventer
- Pressure regulator
- Filter
- Lay flat (or other line) to get water from well to field
- Header lines (lines along the edge of your field)
- Drip tape
- Various valves, couplers and adapters

Expect to spend between \$500 and \$1000 to get set up to irrigate an acre of vegetables





Professional Hand Hoes













Wheel Hoes

Valley Oak \$300
valleyoaktool.com
415-868-9522





Glaser \$350 Available from Johnny's, Peaceful Valley and elsewhere





Wheel Hoes

Planet Whizbang wheel hoe
Free plans
Kits (metal parts only) \$150-\$175

http://planetwhizbang.blogspot.com/







Tractor Mounted Cultivators

At a smaller scale, the most versatile and cost effective tractor mounted cultivation system is likely a **toolbar** with a range of knives, sweeps, and shovels.

Other options include:

Tine weeders
Basket weeders
Finger weeders or Bezzerides Spyders
Torsion weeders
Regi weeder
Brush weeder



Excellent overview of tractor mounted tools:

http://www.uvm.edu/vtvegandberry/factsheets/cultivators.html

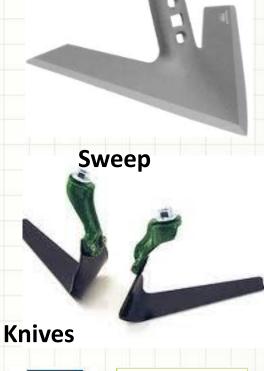




Tool Bar with Sweeps and Knives

Knives and sweeps are available in numerous sizes and shapes and can be mounted in countless configurations on a tool bar, such as the one below on a Farmall Cub tractor.









S-Tine Cultivators

Consists of two or more toolbars with a series of tines that can be configured to cultivate between crop rows. A variety of points or "shovels" are available depending on how much soil you want to move and the crop to be cultivated. Not for close or precise cultivation







Tine (Flex Tine) Weeders

- Blind cultivation
- Adjustable tines
- Best on tiny (thread stage) weeds
- Stale seed bed prep

Brands:

Lely
Williams Tool System
(Market Farm Implement, PA)
Einböch

Price (new):

\$1,800 to \$2,400

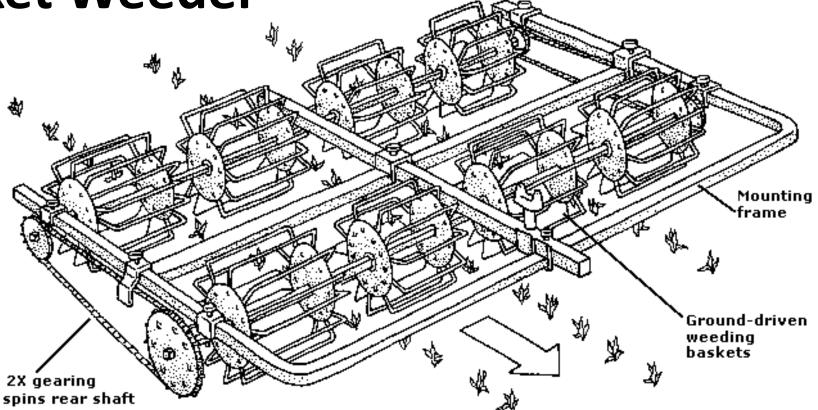








Basket Weeder



Requires precisely spaced, parallel rows

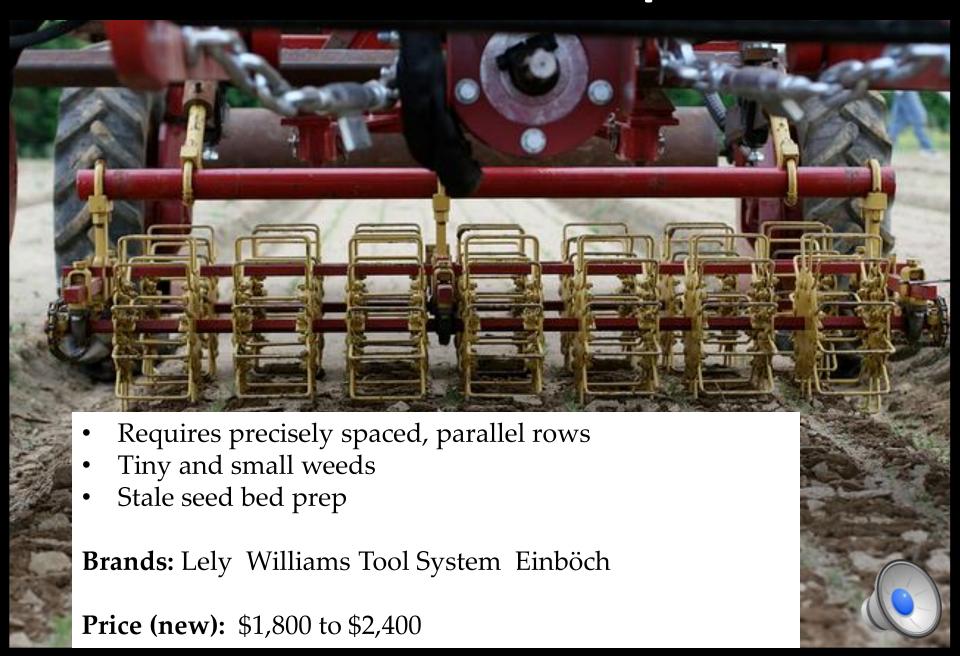
- Usually belly-mounted
- Tiny and small weeds
- Stale seed bed prep

Brands: Buddingh Weeder Co. (Michigan)

Price (new): \$2500 to \$3600



Basket Weeder close-up: carrots



Finger Weeders

- In-row weeding capability on crops with strong stems
- Usually bellymounted
- Removes 1" and smaller weeds
- Not good in rocky or crusted soil

Brands: Buddingh (MI), Kress (Germany), Baertschi Fobro (Switzerland)

Price (new): \$?

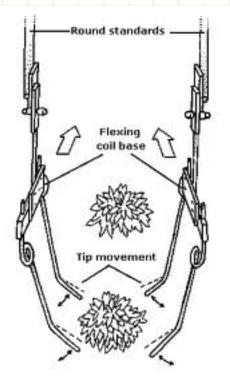








Torsion weeders





Cost: ?

Sources:

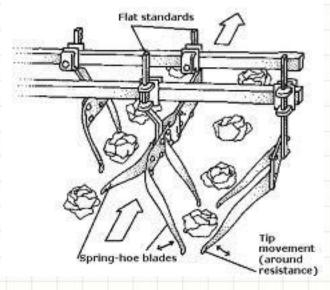
Bezzerides Inc. Frato (Dutch)

EXTENSION

<u>ItalianFarmMachinery.com</u>

Torsion weeders consist of flexible tines tilted towards each other that undercut weeds close to the crop row with a vibrating, dragging movement. Because of its simple design, torsion weeders are relatively inexpensive. They can uproot small as well as decent-sized weeds but are best used only when the crop is well established.

Spring Hoes and Spyders





Cost: ~\$400 per row

Source:

Bezzerides Inc.

Spring hoes are flat blades about 16 inches long. They are more aggressive than torsion weeders, traveling perpendicular to the surface and stirring soil just below ground alongside the root zone.

The 12 inch **Spyder** wheel has staggered curved teeth and is ground-driven. Pairs of spyders can be angled to pull soil away from the row or throw it back. Aggressive, rapid cultivation of straight rows is possible, even on stony soils.

These tools are often used in tandem or with torsion weeders.





Tillage and Cultivation in Clay Soils

Timing, as related to soil moisture, is far more important than the implement or tool. Clay soils should not be worked when they are too wet or too dry.

Persistent soil moisture, particularly in the spring and early summer when a great deal of cultivation is typically needed, can severely limit ones ability to cultivate at all when it is most timely from a weed growth stage perspective.

Weed cultivating tools that operate a shallow depth—where clay soils may be less moist and clodd—are best. These would include **torsion and finger weeders**. Another option would be a brush hoe...although these are heavy and expensive. Lightweight weeders, like the basket weeder, are unlikely to be effective.

Moisture levels are even more critical when performing tillage. For tillage, a **chisel plow and field cultivator** would be recommended. Rotovating and spading should be kept to a minimum.

To improve the tilth of clay soils, add as much **organic matter**, particularly compost, as you can. Do not add sand. It will take many years to improve h clay soils

Plastic Mulch

Positives

- Prevents weed germination and growth
- Eliminates mechanical cultivation in the bed
- Conserves moisture (use of drip tape essential)
- Helps keep produce clean and can help reduce disease





Negatives

- Environmental concerns (manufacturing and disposal)
- Special challenges of controlling weeds in plant holes and along edges of plastic
- Need special equipment to lay out.

Round Bale Mulching

- Low tech weed control
- Helps build organic matter
- Conserves moisture
- Beautifies farm
- Prevents erosion
- Keeps produce clean

A 4 x 4 round bale weighs 500 to 700 pounds.

Rolled out, it will cover about 200 feet.

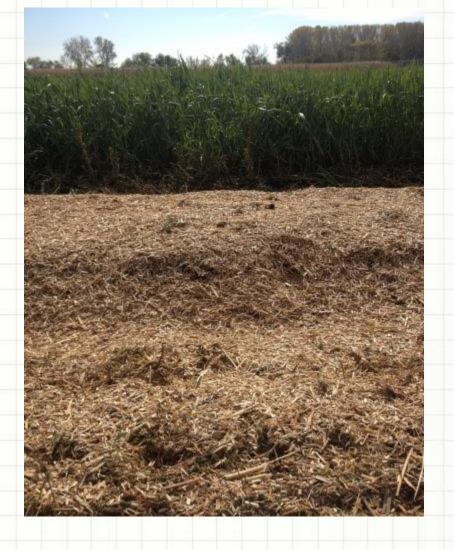
Avoid moldy hay or hay with thistles















Cover Crop Management

- Pre-plant field prep: Field cultivator
- Seeding options: drill or broadcast and lightly incorporate (cultipacker)
- Clipping and mowing: flail mower
- Incorporation options: rotovator or spader, disk, field cultivator, moldboard plow











Pesticide sprayers

At the smallest scale, pump-up canister sprayers, hand-pump backpack sprayers, and gas-powered backpack mist blowers are lowcost options.







15- to 30-gallon small tank sprayers powered by a 12-volt battery can be mounted on 4-wheelers or utility vehicles. Small pull-behind or 3-point hitch-mounted boom sprayers may be appropriate for larger acreages of low-growing vegetable crops.











For growers with a few acres of sweet corn, a high-boom sprayer that can pass through rows even when corn is 4 to 6 feet tall is usually a necessary investment. For orchards and vineyards, an airblast sprayer – either a pull-behind or 3-point hitch-mounted model – becomes a necessity as plants become large enough that spray penetration into the plant canopy requires air as an additional carrier. It's difficult and time-consuming to treat lots of trees effectively with a hand-sprayer, and applicator exposure is also a concern.



Other Useful Stuff

- Computer programs: Excel, Quickbooks, AgSquared
- Head lamp
- High lift jack
- Quality boots and wet gear!
- Ear protection
- Cement
- Professionals:
 - Accountant
 - Tax preparer
 - Consultants









Getting Started: What will it cost?

- \$10,000 per acre rule of thumb for capitalization
- Facility needs for 2 acre market farm:

Greenhouse: 400-600 square feet

Pack House: 150-300 square feet

Cooler: 150-250 cubic feet

Priority Equipment needs:

Walk-in cooler

30-60 hp tractor (and a walk-behind tiller)

Variety of implements (rotovator, mower, field cultivator, chisel plow, etc.)

Irrigation equipment

Hand tools (seeding and weed cultivation)

Harvest totes / Harvest cart / Scale / Wash tank

Delivery vehicle / Market tent / Computer



Build your own equipment!

Chris McGuire's laydown work cart







Concluding Thoughts

- Think carefully about the best scale for your operation
- Set goals and create a capitalization budget
- Be cautious but not timid
- Learn from others; visit as many farms as you can
- Start small, be realistic, and enjoy the work!
- Always consider how each investment is meant to contribute to your business and its success.
- Always remember tools are no better than the person using them.
- No one is more important to your personal safety than you.
- If you don't believe work is your friend, it won't be.







To reach us

Contacts Contact information

Zack Grant zgrant2@illinois.edu

Jeremy Shafer jshafer@illinois.edu

Jeff Kindhart <u>jkindhar@illinois.edu</u>

Grant McCarty <u>gmccarty@illinois.edu</u>

Bill Davison <u>wdavison@illinois.edu</u>

Nathan Johanning <u>njohann@illinois.edu</u>

Ellen Phillps ephillips@illinois.edu



